

<i>Characteristics of responders (N = 515)</i>	<i>n (%)</i>
Sex	
Female	299 (58.1)
Male	216 (41.9)
Year of graduation	
2016-2020	219 (42.5)
2010-2015	123 (23.9)
2000-2009	63 (12.2)
1990-1999	55 (10.7)
1970-1989	45 (8.7)
<i>Not indicated</i>	10 (1.9)
Role	
Resident	241 (46.8)
Hospital practitioner	148 (28.7)
Liberal practitioner	49 (9.5)
Assistant practitioner	41 (8)
Professor	20 (3.9)
Assistant professor	16 (3.1)
Practice (except residents) [n = 274]	
Psychiatric hospital	99 (36.1)
University hospital	86 (31.4)
Private or clinical practice	38 (13.9)
General hospital	22 (8)
Mixed (private practice and public health service)	15 (5.5)
Other (association, military hospital, etc.)	14 (5.1)
Theoretical approach	
Several approaches focusing on neurobiology or CBT	131 (25.4)
Integrative practice (must include neurobiology and psychoanalysis)	114 (22.1)
Neurobiology	74 (14.4)
Psychoanalysis	58 (11.3)
Several approach focusing on psychoanalysis	41 (8)
Cognitive-behavioral therapy (CBT)	41 (8)
Systemic	29 (5.6)
Other	11 (2.1)
<i>Not provided</i>	16 (3.4)
Area of expertise	
Adult psychiatry	270 (52.4)
Child psychiatry	91 (17.7)
Mixed (adult and child psychiatry)	51 (9.9)

Addiction medicine	34 (6.6)
Geriatric psychiatry	29 (5.6)
Forensic psychiatry	21 (4.1)
Several areas of practice	17 (3.3)
<i>Not provided</i>	2 (0.4)

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Psychiatrists' professional culture

Subtype	Medical	Intermediate	Psychological
Sex	Male	<i>ns</i>	Female
Theoretical approach	Neurobiological	CBT Integrative Systemic	Psychoanalytic
Practice	Adult psychiatry Addictology Geriatric psychiatry	<i>ns</i>	Child psychiatry Forensic psychiatry
Role	Professor Assistant professor	Hospital practitioner Assistant practitioner Resident	Private practitioner
Year of graduation	1990-2009	2010-2020	1970-1989

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